ALTERNATIVE PROTEINS CHEAT SHEET



The food sector accounts for 26% of GHG emissions worldwide. The biggest impact lever is moving towards a fully plant-based, or at least flexitarian diet. This can only be achieved by substituting animal products for alternative proteins.



Thesis: The shift toward a flexitarian diet will require cost- and impact-effective alternative proteins. Input (ingredients, taste) and process efficiency gains are necessary to scale plant-based and microbial solutions. The key breakthrough technologies are low-energy/GHG microbial and cellular proteins, and byproduct utilization.

The impact problem

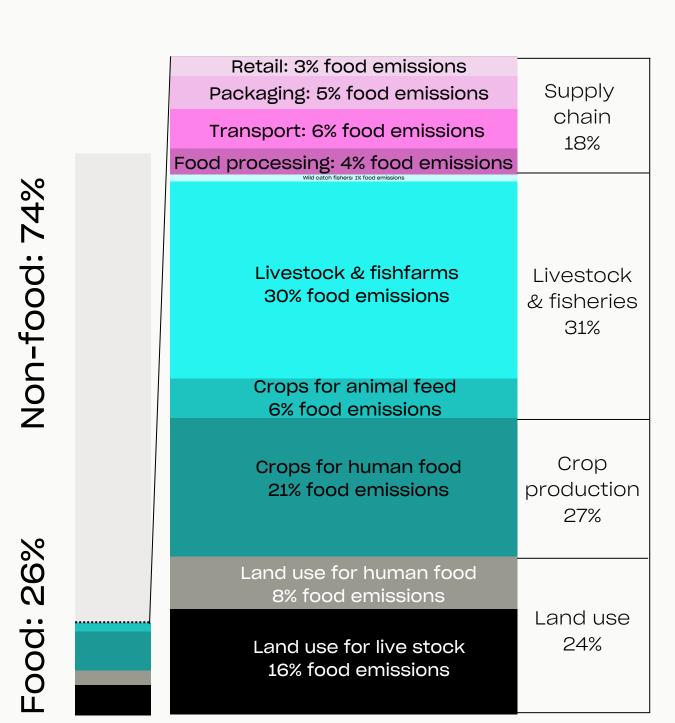
- Food production is responsible for 1/4 of the world's GHG emissions (including processing and distribution).
- Out of that, 55% is due to livestock/fisheries (31%) and corresponding land usage (24%).
- The top contributor to these emissions is, by far, **beef** (100 kg C02e per kg product), followed by lamb (40 kg CO2e per kg product).
- Dairy and fish (13 kg CO2e per kg product) have a lower GHG footprint than bovine meat.
- More than 70% of all extracted freshwater is used in the food production and processing industries.
- The conversion of natural ecosystems for crop production or pasture has been the principal cause of habitat loss, consequently reducing biodiversity.







Global GHG emissions from food production



Source: Poore & Nemecek (2018)

The opportunity

- The shift toward carbon neutrality and healthier (but tasty) products will make food alternatives mainstream and more competitive, mainly in developed markets.
- Substituting traditional animal products (from meat to milk) for alternative proteins bears the biggest GHG reduction potential.
- Winning solutions will master the parity challenge (healthy, tasty and affordable)
- Plant-based and microbial solutions present the most mature technologies but also most competitive startup landscapes.
- Consumer trends (e.g. acceptance), scalability and regulation of new ingredients remain key challenges for this shift.

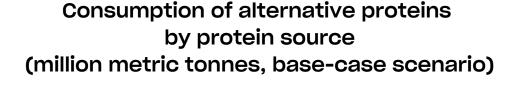
Technology plays

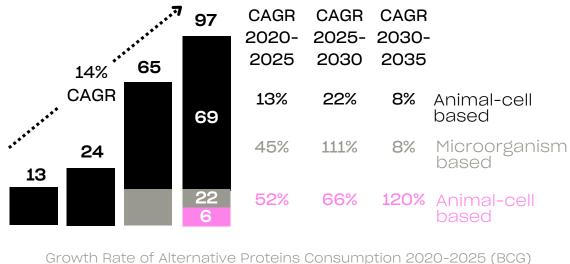
Early Stage (horizontal plays)

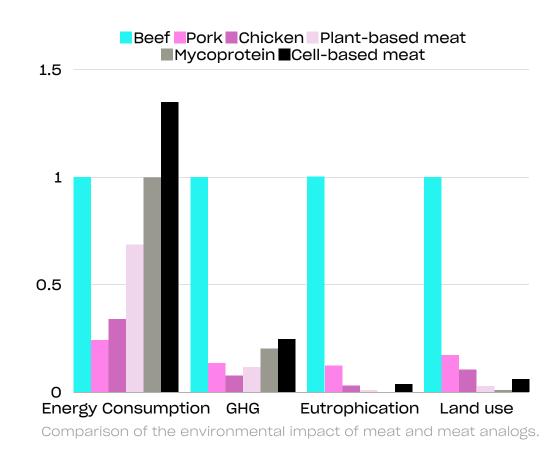
- Advanced formulations and ingredients (e.g. premixed binders, flavors, colors, or fats with a clean label).
- Speciality ingredients via precision fermentation through new strain development.
- Useful byproducts (with additional impact).
- Low energy, cellular production (dairy, fish, meat).

Growth Stage (vertical plays)

- Supply chain optimization: Improving protein production & extraction (at lower GHG).
- Partnerships with early stage technology plays, or superior in-house R&D.







Alternative proteins mapping

Molecular Farming Plant based Cellular Meat, Seafood, Dairy Proteins • Ingredients · Meat, Dairy Proteins Meat, Seafood, Dairy Pet Food • CPG & Ingredients **Insects** Human & Pet Food Microbial • Pharma Cosmetics Flour • Biomaterials (e.g. leather) Meat Ingredients Pasta, Beer • Proteins Animal Feed • Meat, Seafood, Dairy

Picks & Shovels

- Bioreactors
- Scaffolding
- High protein crops / tech
- Nutrition equivalence Other relevant biotech

Startups to watch







